# **ARBUTUS GROVE PLANT LIST**

(Approved by the CLC, March 31, 2016)
Arbutus Grove additions added August 2021

The following list is to help residents choose the best plant for the site conditions, while minimizing our community's maintenance and water costs.

#### **Plant Criteria**

- low maintenance, little pruning, nominal training, no staking or frequent division;
- drought tolerant or waterwise;
- native to region or cold hardy;
- disease and pest resistant (deer, rabbits, bugs etc.);
- not invasive or overly vigorous such as Periwinkle see <u>www.bcinvasives.ca</u>;
- multiple seasons or longer season of interest; and
- minimal impact on ponds.

#### **Please Note**

- Plants are listed by common name with the scientific Latin name in brackets. The Latin name is more precise, as common names are sometimes used for different plants. Where required, the exact plant variety is listed. For example: **Spruce** (*Picea abies*) **Little Gem**. Little Gem is the accepted variety.
- Information about plants and growing conditions is available at local nurseries. A plant's daily light requirement is commonly identified as *Full Sun* (6+ hrs), *Part Sun/Shade* (3-6 hrs) or *Shade* (0-3 hrs). Soil conditions are commonly identified as *Dry*, *Average or Wet*. Conditions greatly vary in Craig Bay the right plant needs to be in the right place.
- Because of our long growing season, <u>smaller plant varieties are recommended</u>, unless otherwise specified. This does not apply to the strata's specimen trees in open areas.
- Many plants are <u>poisonous</u>, so if you're concerned about harm to children and pets, please seek professional advice prior to purchase.
- <u>Plantings require prior approval</u> via a Common Property Modification Form (CPMR) submitted to your Strata Council. If a plant is unsuitable for the site, another choice will be requested. Your strata may have planting requirements such as away from irrigation lines, not obstructing sprinklers, and a minimum distance from the home to accommodate exterior painting.
- Annuals, bulbs, tubers and corms in garden beds do not require a CPMR. The selection of annuals is the resident's choice—there is no list—but bedding plants only, no seeds in the beds. Bulbs, tubers and corms are to be chosen from the list. The resident is responsible for keeping these plants tidy, deadheading, etc. during the growing season and for completing a fall clean-up by October 31<sup>st</sup>.
- <u>Plantings in containers</u> do not require a CPMR. The selection of plants is the resident's choice. <u>Herbs, fruit and vegetables</u> must be kept in containers, and these and other self-seeding plants should be located away from garden beds and lawns. As above, the resident is responsible for the ongoing maintenance and clean-up by October 31<sup>st</sup>.
- The intent is to keep existing forest areas natural, wherever possible, but manage any hazards and invasive plants.

## **TREES & SHRUBS**

#### **Deciduous**

**Bluebeard & Blue Mist** (Caryopteris x clandonensis)

**Dogwood, Dwarf varieties** (Cornus)

**Euonymus, Dwarf** (Euonymus alata 'Compacta')

Flowering Current (Ribes sanguineum) – Berms only

Fuchsia, Bush & Hardy (Fuchsia magellanica)

**Hydrangea** (Hydrangea)

Lilac (Syringa spp.) - Dwarf & non-suckering varieties Magnolia, Dwarf varieties (Magnolia)

Maple, Dwarf varieties (Acer)

Peony (Paeonia)

Rose, Shrub (Rosa rugosa)

Smoke Tree (Cotinus coggygria)

Snowberry (Symphoricarpos albus) – Berms & forests only

Viburnum (Viburnum) - Compact varieties

Weigela (Weigela)

## Conifers & Evergreens

Abelia, Glossy (Abelia grandiflora)

Azalea (Azalea)

**Boxwood** (Buxus)

California Lilac (Ceanothus)

Camellia (Camellia)

Cedar (Thuja occidentalis)

Cedar (Thuja plicata) - Gelderland

Cypress, Hinoki (Chamaecyparis obtuse) - Kosteri, Verdoni, Filicoides compacta

Cypress, Japanese falsecypress (Chamaecyparis pisifera) – Golden Pincushion

Cypress, Siberian / Russian arborvitae (Microbiota decussata)

**Escallonia** (Escallonia)

**False Holly** (Osmanthus heterophyllus)

Heather, Summer Flowering (Calluna vulgaris)

Heather, Winter Flowering (Erica)

**Heavenly Bamboo** (Nandina domestica)

Hemlock, Bird's Nest (Tsunga canadensis pendula)

Hemlock (Tsunga Canadensis) - Cole's Prostrate, Gentsch White

Juniper (Juniperus procumbens) – Nana, Blue Star

**Laurel, Portuguese** (Prunus lusitanica)

Mock Orange, Mexican (Choisya)

Oregon Grape, Dwarf & Dull (Mahonia nervosa)

Oregon Grape, Tall (Mahonia aquifolium)

Pieris (Pieris japonica)

Pine, Dwarf (Pinus) – Japanese, White Pine

Pine, Dwarf Mugo/Mugho (Pinus mugo / mugho) - Pumilio, Slow Mound, Jacobsen, Carston Gold

Pine (Pinus parviflora cultivars) – Fukizumi, Glauca, Negishi

Pine, Shore (Pinus contorta) - Chief Joseph

Pine (Pinus thunbergii) - Thunderhead

Rhododendron (Rhododendon spp.) - Dwarf to medium, no 'Unique' variety - disease prone

**Skimmia** (Skimmia japonica)

Spruce (Picea abies) - Little Gem, Pumula

Spruce (Picea pungens) - Montgomery, Sitchensis Papoose, Glauca Jean's Dilly

Strawberry Tree (Arbutus unedo) – Dwarf variety
Yew, Dwarf Golden Japanese (Taxus cupidata) – Bright Gold, Nana Aurescens
Yew, English (Taxus plicata)

# **FERNS**

Fern, Autumn (Dryopteris erythrosora)

**Fern, Deer** (Blechnum spicant)

Fern, Japanese Painted (Athyrium niponicum) – Pictum

Fern, Lady (Athyrium filix-femina) – Berms only

Fern, Northern Wood (Dryopteris expansa) – Berms only

Fern, Spiny Wood (Dryopteris expansa) – Berms only

Fern, Western Maidenhair (Adiantum aleuticum) – Berms only

Fern, Western Sword (Polystichum munitum) – Berms only

## **PERENNIALS**

Astilbe (Astilbe)

Black Eyed Susan (Rudbeckia)

**Blanket Flower** (Gaillardia)

**Bleeding Heart** (Dicentra)

Blue Lithospermum (Lithodora diffusa) - Berms & forests only

**Brunnera** (Brunnera)

**Coneflower** (Echinacea)

**Coral bells** (Heuchera)

Coreopsis (Coreopsis) - Threadleaf types

Daisy, Michaelmas (Aster)

**Daisy** (*Chrysanthemum*)

False Indigo (Baptista)

Flax, New Zealand, Dwarf (Phormium tenax)

**Gaura, Butterfly** (Gaura)

**Geranium, Hardy & Cranesbill** (Geranium)

Hellebore, Lenten Rose (Helleborus)

Hens & Chicks (Sempervivum)

Lavender (Lavendula) - no Spanish Lavender - short-lived

Penstemon (Penstemon)

Phlox, Moss Type (Phlox diffusa) – Berms only

Poppy, Oriental (Papaver)

Rockcress (Arabis caucasia, Aubrieta) – Berms only

Sage, Russian (Perovskia)

Salal (Gaultheria shallon) - Forests only

**Salvia** (Sage)

**Sea Thrift** (Armeria)

**Sedum** (Sedum)

Snow in Summer (Cerastium uniflorum) – Berms only

Speedwell (Veronica)

Trillium (Trillium) - Berms & forests only

**Valerian** (Centranthus)

Verbena (Verbena)

Wallflower (Erysimum)
Wormwood (Artemesia)
Yarrow (Achillea)

**VINES** – Pruned to keep gutters and downspouts open. Resident must remove for exterior painting.

**Chocolate Vine** (Akebia)

Clematis (Clematis spp.)

**Trumpet Vine** (Campsis)

# GRASSES & SEDGES - Sedges have edges, grasses are hollow.

#### <u>Grasses</u>

Blue Hair Grass (Koeleria macrantha)

**Blue Oat Grass** (Helictotrichon sempervirens)

Bluestem & Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)

Feather Grass, Giant Golden Oats (Stipa gigantea)

Feather Reed Grass, Korean (Calamagrostis brachytricha)

Feather Reed Grass, Karl Foerster (Calamagrostis acutiflora)

**Feathertop Grass** (*Pennisetum villosum*)

Fescue Grass (Festuca ovina glauca) – Elijah Blue, Boulder Blue

**Fountain Grass, Oriental** (*Pennisetum orientale*)

Fountain Grass, Perennial (Pennisetum alopecuroides) – Red Head, Hameln

Hakone Grass (Hakonechloa macra)

Maiden Grass (Miscanthus sinensis) - Gracillimus, Little Kitten, Morning Light, Malpartus, Sarabonde

Moor Grass, Tall & Dwarf (Molinia caerulea)

Pheasant's Tail Grass (Anemanthele lessoniana)

Prairie Beard Grass (Andropogon scoparius) – The Blues

**Switch Grass** (Panicum virgatum)

Switch Grass, Blue (Panicum virgatum) – Heavy Metal

Switch Grass, Red (Panicum virgatum) – Shenandoah

Switch Grass, Tall (Panicum virgatum) - Cloud Nine

Wheatgrass, Blue Clumping (Elymus magellanicus)

#### Sedges

**Sedge, Bronze Hair** (Carex comans bronze form)

**Sedge, Copper Hair & Orange Sedge** (Carex testacea)

Sedge, Frosted Curls & Frosty Curls (Carex albula – formerly Carex comans)

**Sedge, Leatherleaf** (Carex buchananii)

**Sedge, Evergold Variegated Japanese** (Carex oshimensis 'Evergold')

# BULBS, TUBERS & CORMS – Responsibility of the resident.

**Autumn Crocus** (Colchicum speciosum)

Begonia (Begonia)

Bluebells, Spanish & English (Hyacinthoides)

Calla Lily (Zantedeschia)

Canna Lily (Canna)

Crocosmia & Montbretia (Crocosmia)

**Cyclamen** (Cyclamen)

Dahlia (Dahlia)

Fritillaria (Fritillaria)

Gladiolus (Gladioli)

Glory of the Snow (Chinodoxa sardensis)

**Hyacinth** (Hyacinthus)

Iris (Iris) - no invasive Yellow Flag (Pseudacorus)

Lily (Lilium)

**Lily of the Nile** (Agapanthus)

Mexican Shell Flower (Tigridia pavonia)

**Mountain Lily** (Ixiolirion tataricum)

Narcissus & Daffodil (Narcissus)

**Ornamental Onion** (Allium)

**Peony** (Paeonia)

**Snowdrops** (Galanthus nivalis)

**Squill, Spring** (Scilla)

Windflower (Anemone)

# OPEN AREA SPECIMEN TREES - Site specific, chosen by the Strata Council.

**Cherry, Daybreak & Pin** (*Prunus pensylvanica x yedoensis*)

Cypress (Chamaecyparis Nootkatensis) - Strict Weeping

Cypress, Arizona (Cupressus arizonica) – Blue Ice

Cypress, Compact Golden Leyland (Cupressus x leylandii) – Gold Rider

**Dogwood, Pacific** (Cornus nuttallii)

**Dove, Ghost & Handkerchief Tree** (Davidia involucrata)

Fringe Tree, White Fringe & Old Man's Beard (Chionanthus virginicus)

**Ginkgo, Maidenhair Tree** (Ginkgo)

Plum, Indian (Oemleria cerasiformis)

Maple, Paperbark (Acer griseum)

Redbud (Cercis)

Redwood (Sequoia sempervirens) – Adpressa

**Rocky Mountain Juniper** (Juniperus scolularum)

Silk Tree (Albizia julibrissin)

**Stewartia, Japanese** (Stewartia pseudocamellia)